International Relations · GS - II

The end of active military operations does not necessarily ensure durable peace. Discuss the role of diplomacy, international institutions and post-conflict mechanisms in achieving lasting peace.

EXAM YEAR	PAPER	SUBJECT
DAILY PRACTICE 11/11/2026	GS - II	International Relations

MARKS	WORD LIMIT
10	~150 words

Answer Hint

Ceasefire, peace agreements, conflict resolution, United Nations, international humanitarian law, reconstruction, reconciliation, security guarantees, diplomatic engagement.

Model Answer

Introduction

The cessation of military operations is only the first step towards peace. Durable peace requires political settlements, institutional arrangements and measures to address the underlying causes of conflict.

Role of Diplomacy and International Institutions

- **Negotiated settlements:** Dialogue between conflicting parties helps establish mutually acceptable political arrangements.
- **United Nations:** The UN Security Council can address threats to international peace, while peacekeeping missions may support agreed settlements.
- **Humanitarian protection:** International humanitarian law provides safeguards for civilians and other protected persons during and after conflict.
- **Reconstruction:** Restoring infrastructure, essential services and livelihoods helps prevent renewed instability.
- **Reconciliation:** Justice mechanisms, confidence-building and inclusive governance can address grievances.

- **Security guarantees:** Monitoring arrangements and verification mechanisms can improve compliance with ceasefires.

Challenges

Mistrust, external interference, territorial disputes and competing political interests may undermine peace agreements.

Conclusion

Lasting peace requires more than military de-escalation. Sustained diplomacy, international cooperation, accountability and inclusive reconstruction are essential to prevent renewed conflict and establish regional stability.

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