International Relations · GS - II

The principle of permanent sovereignty over natural resources has significant implications for international law, self-determination and resource governance in occupied territories. Discuss in the context of India's position on Palestine.

EXAM YEAR	PAPER	SUBJECT
DAILY PRACTICE 14/11/2026	GS - II	International Relations

MARKS	WORD LIMIT
10	~150 words

Answer Hint

Permanent sovereignty, natural resources, self-determination, international humanitarian law, occupation, UNGA resolutions, two-state solution, territorial integrity, India's diplomatic position, peaceful settlement.

Model Answer

Introduction

Permanent sovereignty over natural resources recognises the right of peoples to control and utilise their natural wealth for their development. It is closely linked to self-determination and economic independence.

International Legal Significance

- **Resource rights:** Foreign occupation cannot automatically extinguish the rights of a population over its natural resources.
- **International humanitarian law:** The law of occupation regulates the use and administration of resources in occupied territories.

- **Self-determination:** Destruction or unlawful exploitation of resources can undermine economic and political independence.
- **Multilateral diplomacy:** UN resolutions provide platforms for expressing international concerns and reinforcing established principles.

India's Position

India supports Palestinian self-determination and a negotiated two-state solution, while emphasising peaceful settlement and international law. Its position reflects the importance of sovereignty, territorial rights and regional stability.

Conclusion

Respect for resource sovereignty is essential for sustainable development and political self-determination. India should continue supporting a peaceful, negotiated settlement consistent with international law.

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