Defence & Security · GS - III

Incidents involving armed vehicle theft near sensitive border regions highlight the challenges of internal security and inter-state coordination. Examine the importance of intelligence sharing, border management and police preparedness in preventing security threats.

EXAM YEAR	PAPER	SUBJECT
DAILY PRACTICE 16/11/2026	GS - III	Defence & Security

MARKS	WORD LIMIT
10	~150 words

Answer Hint

Border vulnerabilities, Pathankot's strategic location, intelligence coordination, inter-state cooperation, CCTV and surveillance, police modernisation, community participation, counter-terrorism preparedness, civil liberties.

Model Answer

Introduction

Incidents involving armed vehicle theft near sensitive border regions can raise serious security concerns, particularly when the possibility of terrorist misuse cannot be ruled out. Such incidents require coordinated preventive action.

Key Security Challenges

- **Border vulnerabilities:** Sensitive border regions may face infiltration, smuggling and cross-border security threats.
- **Intelligence gaps:** Delayed sharing of actionable intelligence can weaken preventive responses.

- **Inter-state coordination:** Threats crossing administrative boundaries require cooperation among neighbouring police forces.
- **Critical infrastructure:** Highways, transport networks and public spaces can be exploited for unlawful activities.

Measures to Strengthen Preparedness

- Strengthen intelligence sharing among state police, central agencies and border forces.
- Expand CCTV networks, vehicle tracking and forensic capabilities.
- Improve highway surveillance, emergency response and police modernisation.
- Promote community vigilance while ensuring lawful and accountable policing.

Conclusion

Effective internal security requires preventive intelligence, coordinated policing and modern surveillance. A whole-of-government approach can address emerging threats while protecting citizens' rights.

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