Ethics & Morality · GS - IV

State the three basic values, universal in nature, in the context of civil services and bring out their importance.

EXAM YEAR	PAPER	SUBJECT
2018	GS - IV	Ethics & Morality

MARKS	WORD LIMIT
10	~150 words

Answer Hint

Integrity; impartiality; objectivity; public trust; ethical decision-making; accountability; citizen-centric administration

Model Answer

Introduction

Civil servants exercise public power and manage public resources. Universal ethical values guide them towards fair, responsible and citizen-oriented governance.

Three Basic Values

1. Integrity

Integrity means consistency between moral principles, words and actions. A civil servant with integrity rejects corruption, avoids misuse of authority and acts honestly even without supervision.

Importance: It builds public trust, protects public resources and strengthens institutional credibility.

2. Impartiality

Impartiality means making decisions without favouritism, prejudice or discrimination based on caste, religion, gender, political affiliation or personal relationships.

Importance: It ensures equal treatment, fair implementation of laws and justice in public service delivery.

3. Objectivity

Objectivity means basing decisions on facts, evidence, established rules and rational assessment rather than personal emotions or biases.

Importance: It promotes consistency, transparency and reasoned decision-making, particularly in recruitment, procurement and allocation of benefits.

Conclusion

Integrity ensures honesty, impartiality ensures fairness, and objectivity ensures rationality. Together, these values strengthen the rule of law, administrative efficiency and public confidence in civil services.