Polity & Governance · GS - II

Discuss the lessons that electoral politics offers about countering polarisation and rebuilding public trust through collective participation, digital mobilisation and economic relief.

EXAM YEAR	PAPER	SUBJECT
DAILY PRACTICE 04/11/2026	GS - II	Polity & Governance

MARKS	WORD LIMIT
10	~150 words

Answer Hint

Democratic participation; political polarisation; decentralised digital networks; working-class concerns; household debt; economic relief; public trust

Model Answer

Introduction

Electoral outcomes can offer insights into the relationship between political mobilisation, economic concerns and public trust. The supplied article on Lula’s victory in Brazil highlights the importance of collective participation, digital agility and tangible economic relief.

Countering Polarisation

Fear-driven polarisation can deepen social divisions and weaken constructive democratic engagement. Collective participation provides an alternative by encouraging citizens to organise around shared concerns rather than remain divided by competing political narratives.

Role of Digital Mobilisation

Decentralised digital networks can enable rapid communication, grassroots coordination and wider public engagement. However, digital campaigning is most meaningful when it connects with citizens’ lived experiences

and substantive policy concerns.

Importance of Economic Relief

The article emphasises shifting attention from culture-war debates towards immediate economic issues, including household debt. Addressing such concerns can help political movements demonstrate responsiveness to working-class needs and rebuild public confidence.

Conclusion

The broader lesson is that democratic mobilisation requires more than political messaging. Sustained participation, effective communication and credible responses to economic hardship can strengthen public trust and make democratic politics more responsive.

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